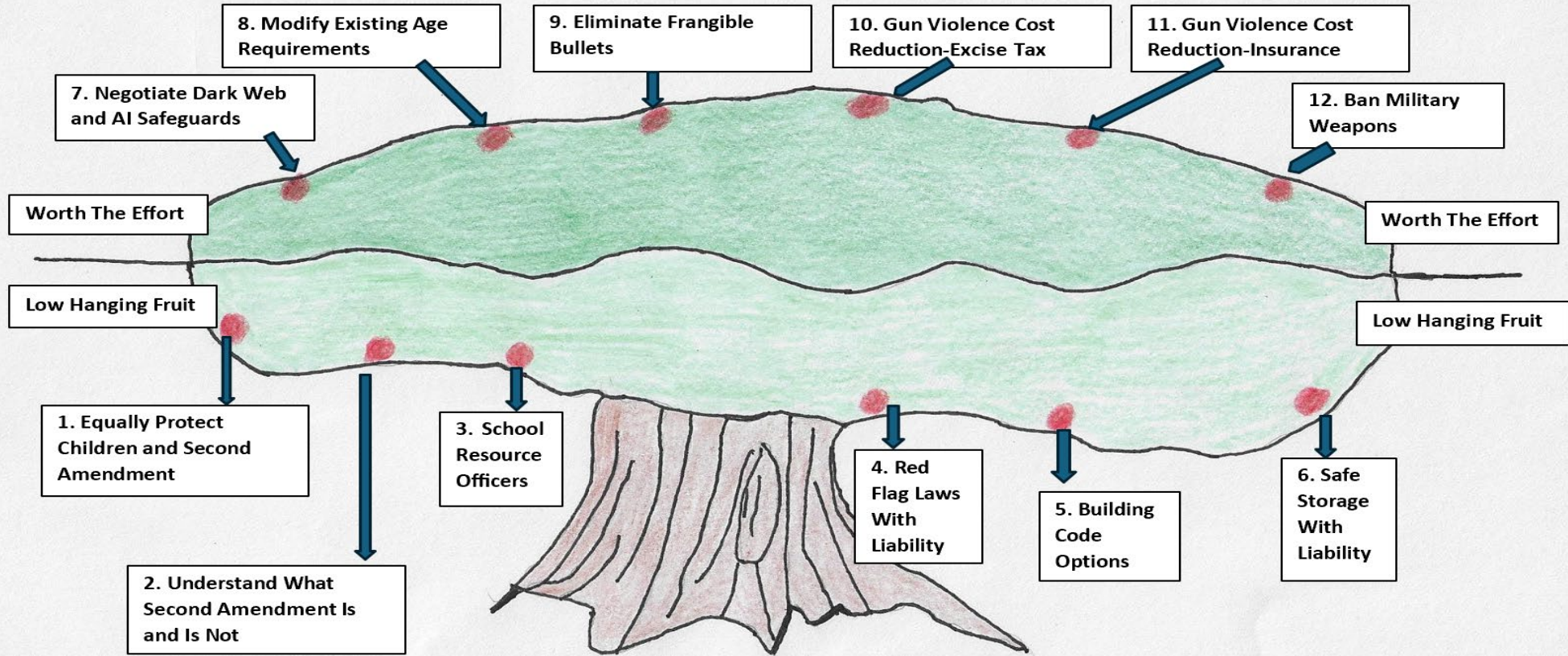


# Stop School Shootings Recommendations



Note: 80% Of The Recommendations Can Be Implemented or Advanced With Little Or No New Legislation

**Recommendation # 1: Equally Protect Children and The Second Amendment:** Are organizations that protect the Second Amendment and organizations that protect our children at a crossroads? The NRA was formed in 1871 by two military leaders with the noble cause of wanting to improve the marksmanship of soldiers. A little over 150 years later, they have become the best-known organization promoting gun rights. They are politically well organized and have played a major role in USA citizens owning 500 million firearms. If the recent growth of firearm sales continues, the USA could hit 1 billion firearms in the next 30 years. At 500 million, USA citizens own 46 percent of the firearms in the world. From a business perspective, many would say that this sales growth is a success story.

Shortly after the NRA organized several organizations were also forming with the noble cause of wanting to advance medicine and save the lives of children. Using fact-based research, organizations such as the American Lung Association and others played major roles in reducing infectious diseases in the USA. In 1871, infectious diseases were the leading cause of death amongst children in the world and the USA. Today, infectious disease is still the leading cause of death amongst children globally, but not in the USA.

Firearms are the leading cause of death amongst children in the USA. Infectious diseases have long since dropped from the list of major causes in the USA. Traditional medical organizations and gun rights organizations have failed to save our children's lives. Several new organizations have attempted to close this gap and save children's lives. However, these organizations are relatively new. Minnesota and national organizations such as Hamline University, Violence Protection Project, Protect Minnesota, Everytown for Gun Safety, Sandy Hook Promise, and even Stop School Shootings USA didn't exist before the Columbine Shooting in 1999. We are in the early stage of trying to solve this problem of firearms being the leading cause of death amongst children in the USA.

## Recommendations # 1 and #2 were combined in the Pilot Survey:

Some actionable “change management” suggestions include, putting the Stop School Shootings USA Survey and Resources on your book club’s reading list, sharing them on social media, promoting discussions at church, local TV stations and Parent Teachers Organizations. In addition, vote with your wallet and favor stores like Walmart and Dicks that have implemented responsible gun selling procedures. See this first recommendation as an opportunity to plan what you will do in the next year to Stop School Shootings in Minnesota and across the USA. Forward this URL to family, friends, organizations, and politicians asking them to take the survey and develop their action plans. If we work together, we can have responsible firearm ownership and save the lives of our children.

## Survey Results Thus Far:

Strongly Agree	Agree	Neutral	Disagree	Strongly Disagree
83%	17%	0%	0%	0%

**Implementation Suggestions:** Passionately spread the word with your friends, merchants, and politicians that we must protect our children with as much, or more intensity, as we do the Second Amendment. This situation can and must change, but it has to start with everyday citizens understanding and embracing the goal, “Firearms cannot be the leading cause of death amongst children”.

### Constraint Notes:

**Second Amendment:**  
NA

- **Honor Hunting Traditions:** NA

**Financial Impact:** This recommendation is general in nature and not tied to any specific action with a direct financial impact.

- **Political Win Win:** Yes, we need this understanding to go forward with any hope of consensus.

## **Recommendation # 2: Understand What the Second Amendment Is and Is Not.**

The Second Amendment protects the right of people to "keep and bear arms," stating that "A well-regulated Militia, being necessary to the security of a free State, the right of the people to keep and Bear Arms, shall not be infringed". The Supreme Court case, *District of Columbia v. Heller* (2008), affirmed this as an individual's right, to possess firearms for lawful purposes like self-defense, not solely for service in a militia. While many may be shocked by this statement, the individuals and organizations that have protected the Second Amendment have succeeded, and that is a positive. By comparison, organizations that strive to protect children with responsible firearm ownership practices have not accomplished as much. What can be said about this?

At the legal level, the Second Amendment has been protected, as it should, and forever will be. However, with the zeal to protect the Second Amendment, firearm sales accelerated before we implemented the policies to protect our children. Examples are that US citizens possess 46% of the firearms in the world, the US accounts for 85% of worldwide school shootings, the average home having 3 or more firearms (myself included) suggest that we have put the cart before the horse. At this point in time, the law does not prevent almost anyone from purchasing almost any weapon and storing it unsafely. In our zeal to protect the Second Amendment, we zoomed right past some of the safeguards that are needed. We need to revisit this balancing act and re-examine the Second Amendment.

The Second Amendment was written in 1789 and ratified in 1791. At this time, the primary weapon was a musket that took several minutes to reload. Charlton Heston's famous NRA quote, about "not taking a

## Recommendation # 2 (continued)

weapon from his cold dead hands,” was a revolutionary war musket that took at least 3 minutes to reload, not an assault rifle that completes an average mass school shooting in under 3 minutes with frangible bullets against Geneva Convention rules.

Firearms are considered dangerous instrumentalities and providing them to someone can create a liability risk. Negligent Entrustment is a tort claim where an entrustor (the person giving the item) is held liable for the injuries caused by the entrusted (the person receiving the item). The key element is the entrustor's knowledge or reasonable expectation that the trustee is likely to use the dangerous item in a way that poses a risk of harm to themselves or others. When we do not understand the Second Amendment and Negligent Entrustment, we make choices that put our children at risk. With 500 million firearms in the USA and firearms being the leading cause of death amongst children, it defies logic to say we need to focus on protecting the Second Amendment. Don't we need to focus on protecting our children !

### Survey Results Thus Far:

Strongly Agree	Agree	Neutral	Disagree	Strongly Disagree
83%	17%	0%	0%	0%

**Implementation Suggestions:** Get MN Supreme Court to affirm these statements in laymen's terms and educate the public.

### Constraint Notes:

**Second Amendment:** Within bounds of Second Amendment.

**Financial Impact:** Major part of reducing total societal costs of .

- **Honor Hunting Traditions:** Yes. Shotguns and traditional deer rifles are exempted.
- **Political Win Win:** Yes, once understood and explained.

**Recommendation # 3: Selectively Use School Resource Officers.** Minnesota School Resource Officer programs have been used with mixed results. If a school has above average violence and other methods that have not worked, school resource officers should be seriously considered. The selection decision process should recognize that results vary depending upon the school and the specific officer.

**Survey Results Thus Far:**

Strongly Agree	Agree	Neutral	Disagree	Strongly Disagree
65%	35%	0%	0%	0%

**Implementation Suggestions:** Be aware that this solution is not a universal solution. In the right situation, this can save lives and build trust amongst students and police. In the wrong situation, it can be financially prohibitive, impossible to do because every physical shooting location cannot be guarded by one officer, and it can create more problems for students of color. Implement wisely.

<b>Constraint Notes:</b>	
<b>Second Amendment:</b> NA	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>Honor Hunting Traditions:</b> Yes.</li> </ul>
<b>Financial Impact:</b> Positive when implemented wisely.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>Political Win Win:</b> Yes, when implemented wisely.</li> </ul>

**Recommendation # 4: Red Flag (ERPO) Laws and TIP line.** Red Flag laws are capable of being amongst the best and most cost-efficient methods of reducing school shootings and other gun violence. In 4 out of 5 school shootings, at least one other person had knowledge of a shooter’s plan but failed to report it. Minnesota has done a great job starting this program. However, more is needed to reach its potential. More promotion, training, and using Hamline University’s implementation guidelines are needed. More aggressive rules could enable police to take the weapon first and require the at-risk person to appeal to a judge to get the weapon back. This would better protect family members. The Annunciation shooter had several Red Flag reporting opportunities, over the years, but little was reported. In the few that were reported, the interventions were minimal. Using 911 or TIP Line # is confusing to many. If you advocate for mental health as a solution, you must include Red Flag Laws so as to identify Mentally Ill Violent People (MIVP).

**Survey Results Thus Far:**

<b>Strongly Agree</b>	<b>Agree</b>	<b>Neutral</b>	<b>Disagree</b>	<b>Strongly Disagree</b>
60%	10%	0%		

**Implementation Suggestions:**

Keep doing what Minnesota is doing, just more of it while increasing promotions, training, and aggressive rules protecting victims / shooters and streamline processes with Tip Line. Penalize and make liable those who know and don’t report (Negligent Entrustment).

<b>Constraint Notes:</b>	
<b>Second Amendment:</b> No Impact	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>Honor Hunting Traditions :</b> Yes</li> </ul>
<b>Financial Impact:</b> Low cost and excellent payback nationally.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>Political Win Win:</b> Already receives positive feedback.</li> </ul>

**Recommendation # 5: Building Code Options:** In the case of the Annunciation School shooting, the shooter’s destruction was minimized because the church doors were locked. School Building Codes address numerous areas and can vary by locality. While this document cannot summarize all of the issues, schools do need security cameras, access control systems, and emergency communication systems. Safety design can be a complex and expensive undertaking, but worthwhile in the end.

**Survey Results Thus Far:**

Strongly Agree	Agree	Neutral	Disagree	Strongly Disagree
65%	35%	0%	0%	0%

**Implementation Suggestions:**

The recommendation only requires using common purchasing methods and procedures. National building code changes are improving since the Annunciation School shooting- just promote and support.

<b>Constraint Notes:</b>	
<b>Second Amendment:</b> No Impact	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>Honor Hunting Traditions :</b> Yes</li> </ul>
<b>Financial Impact:</b> Common Building Code options with more schools implementing them will yield better pricing/designs.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>Political Win Win:</b> Yes</li> </ul>

**Recommendation # 6: Safe & Secure Firearm Storage:** Minnesota has had gun storage legislation since 2018. It has been modified several times and more modifications are recommended. With a total USA firearm inventory of 500 million keeping weapons away from children and MIVP is critical. Until recently, I assumed I had to purchase an expensive gun cabinet to store my firearms. Now, with the purchase of a \$3.50 gun lock, I am in compliance. Minnesota gave away 40,000 gun locks. **Promote, Promote, Promote.** The law modifications should include all firearms being unloaded and locked, regardless of children presence, increasing penalties and civil liability for violations (Negligent Entrustment) when injuries occur, cover those ineligible to possess firearms, and implement requirements that address stolen firearm reporting. Requiring a permit to purchase a firearm and expanded background checks are recommended. Where data was available, over 70% of firearm incidents include a weapon that was not safe (loaded vs unloaded) and locked in storage.

**Survey Results Thus Far:**

<b>Strongly Agree</b>	<b>Agree</b>	<b>Neutral</b>	<b>Disagree</b>	<b>Strongly Disagree</b>
New	New	New	New	New

**Implementation Suggestions:**

Promote and legislate above recommendations.

<b>Constraint Notes:</b>	
<b>Second Amendment: No Impact</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li><b>Honor Hunting Traditions : Yes</b></li> </ul>
<b>Financial Impact: Like Red Flag laws, Safe Storage is highly cost effective and saves lives.</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li><b>Political Win Win: Yes</b></li> </ul>

**Recommendation # 7: Negotiate Dark Web / AI Safe Guards .** The most common crimes on the internet are buying and selling illegal drugs, weapons, passwords, ID's, and pornography. In addition to this illegal commerce, primarily young men interact with and are eventually groomed by extremists. The dark web facilitates school shootings by glorifying violence, radicalizing vulnerable youth and connecting them with like-minded extremists. In addition, the Dark Web is very dangerous to access given fraud risks. There are applications that identify IP addresses accessing the dark web. There are also applications that mask such IP addresses. AI safeguards are a continuous challenge for all of society and needs accelerated attention such as recently highlighted on 60 minutes with Character AI.

**Survey Results Thus Far:**

Strongly Agree	Agree	Neutral	Disagree	Strongly Disagree
85%	15%	5%	0%	0%

**Implementation Suggestions:**

Work with major software/internet companies to expand IP tracking software that could be made available to parents and police. Apps could alert parents and police when dark web usage exceeds certain boundaries. Apps could be part of monthly universal network subscriptions with parents setting up standard parameters and alerts.

**Constraint Notes:**

**Second Amendment:** NA. These are pre-attack issues with computers, not guns.

- **Honor Hunting Traditions :** NA

**Financial Impact:** This would reduce total societal gun violence costs and save Minnesota and USA lives.

- **Political Win Win:** Yes. It honors traditions, saves lives, and reduces costs.

**Recommendation # 8: Modify Age Requirements to 25 so Frontal Lobe is Developed –Shot Guns and Bolt Action Rifles Exempted.**

Minnesota has several age limitations in everyday life including driving a car, renting a car, purchasing cigarettes and alcohol. In addition, several gun laws, including the weapons being discussed have inconsistent age requirements. This proposal simply raises the age to where most shooter’s frontal lobe is developed and they age out of being a major risk. At present, there are age discrepancies between Minnesota gun age laws and federal laws. Shot gun and rifle homicide rates are very low. Hence, these are exempted as are veterans who have been vetted.

**Survey Results Thus Far:**

<b>Strongly Agree</b> 80%	<b>Agree</b> 20%	<b>Neutral</b> 0%	<b>Disagree</b> 0%	<b>Strongly Disagree</b> 0%
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**Implementation Suggestions:**

Allow shot gun and deer rifle laws to stay as is. Assault weapon elimination is addressed in recommendation #10. No semi-automatic, automatic, military weapons or handgun sales, possession or use until age 25. Veterans are exempted. Penalties and immediate confiscation by police when violated.

<b>Constraint Notes:</b>	
<b>Second Amendment:</b> Does not guarantee any weapon for anyone. Current laws have age requirements that differ.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>Honor Hunting Traditions :</b> Yes. shotguns and bolt action rifles are exempted.</li> </ul>
<b>Financial Impact:</b> This would significantly reduce total societal gun violence costs.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>Political Win Win:</b> Should be. It honors traditions, saves lives and reduces costs.</li> </ul>

**Recommendation # 9: Eliminate Frangible Bullet :** The Geneva Convention, Convention on Certain Conventional Weapons, and other organizations prohibit frangible bullets from being used on civilians because they are too humanly destructive. In Minnesota, frangible bullets are generally legal for activities like range training and self-defense. MIVPs can claim to only want frangible bullets for range shooting or self-defense. Frangible bullets should be completely outlawed in Minnesota. Target shooting does not need a frangible bullet to hit a target and sight in a rifle. Frangible bullets are for homicide, not protection.

**Survey Results Thus Far:**

<b>Strongly Agree</b>	<b>Agree</b>	<b>Neutral</b>	<b>Disagree</b>	<b>Strongly Disagree</b>
<b>80%</b>	<b>20%</b>	<b>0%</b>	<b>0%</b>	<b>0%</b>

**Implementation Suggestions:**

Assault weapon elimination is addressed in Recommendation #10. Eliminating frangible bullets should just be outlawed for sale, possession, or use immediately.

<b>Constraint Notes:</b>	
<b>Second Amendment:</b> Does not guarantee any weapon for anyone. Grenade launcher adaptations are illegal.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>Honor Hunting Traditions :</b> Yes. Frangible bullets are homicidal, not a hunting tradition.</li> </ul>
<b>Financial Impact:</b> This would reduce total societal gun violence costs.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>Political Win Win:</b> Yes, should be.</li> </ul>

**Recommendation # 10: Gun Violence Cost Reductions-Excise Tax:** Addressing the stop school shooting issue in Minnesota overlaps with general gun violence discussions. If we could lower the Minnesota costs of gun violence, we would save lives, injuries, and tax dollars. The total societal cost of gun violence is estimated to be \$6.2 billion/yr. Minnesota taxpayers directly incur about \$105.5 million of the total societal costs. The financial burden is almost entirely paid for by taxpayers who may or may not even own a weapon. Legislators should require manufacturers, retailers, and gun owners to recover all or a significant part of Minnesota’s total societal costs of \$6.2 billion and \$105.5 million via excise taxes or gun insurance requirements discussed next.

### Survey Results Thus Far

Strongly Agree	Agree	Neutral	Disagree	Strongly Disagree
75%	15%	10%	0%	0%

**Implementation Suggestions Option G.a:** There is precedent at National, Minnesota and local levels to use excise taxes to recover governmental expenditures on items like tobacco, alcohol, travel, and others. The Minnesota Contractors Fraud Fund is an example of an industry having to fund damages to individuals. Excise taxes would increase the cost of guns and thereby reduce the number of guns to commit crimes particularly in the high risk under age 25 group with less discretionary money.

### Constraint Notes:

#### Second Amendment:

Guarantees right to own a weapon. It does not say the actual costs associated with that weapon should be paid by non-users of the weapon.

- **Honor Hunting Traditions :** Yes, but there are costs assigned to non deer hunting rifles or shotguns.

#### Financial Impact:

\$105.5 million to \$6.2 billion.

- **Political Win Win:** Yes, tax reductions.

**Recommendation # 11 (continued): Gun Violence Cost Reductions-Insurance:** Legislators should require gun owners to carry insurance sufficient to recover all or a significant part of Minnesota’s total societal costs of \$6.2 billion and direct taxpayer costs of \$105.5 million via gun insurance requirements. Premiums and claim payouts could credit the State’s DPS expenses and be used toward the Crime Victims Fund.

**Survey Results Thus Far**

Strongly Agree	Agree	Neutral	Disagree	Strongly Disagree
75%	15%	10%	0%	0%

**Implementation Suggestions:** Insurance is required in numerous situations to protect an individual or other legal entity from damages caused by another. Gun owner’s insurance policy premiums should use an actuarial process to calculate the recoverable costs. Premiums, would be based upon age, personal history with the law, and the specific weapon seeking coverage. Coverage could be documented on driver licenses and databases, accessible via cell phone, could enable immediate information for police investigations. If no coverage, weapons should be confiscated until owners acquire insurance coverage. Weak homeowner type insurance policies with varying deductibles and coverage should not qualify as coverage.

**Constraint Notes:**

**Second Amendment:**

It guarantees right to own a weapon. It does not say the costs associated with that weapon should be paid by non-users.

- **Honor Hunting Traditions :** Yes, but there are costs assigned to non-deer hunting rifles or shotguns.

**Financial Impact:** \$105.5 million to \$6.2 billion in maximum possible savings, also government monitoring costs would be transferred to insurance processes.

- **Political Win Win:** Yes, tax reductions.

**Recommendation # 12: Banning Military Weapons:** Banning military weapons is a common recommendation that can also be a show-stopper regarding possible bipartisan agreement on how to stop school shootings and reduce general gun violence. Those opposed to a ban, state that some Minnesotans hunt with these weapons and this is, therefore, protected by the Second Amendment. Conversely, eleven states and Washington D.C. have differing bans on assault weapons. Recommendation # 10's definition of military weapons uses Minnesota's legal definition of a military weapon (i.e. semi-automatic, automatic, and assault weapons but in greater detail).

It is hard to imagine an image more horrifying than the bodies of school children shot with powerful military weapons. Dr. Tim Kummer describes this horror in his testimony before the Minnesota legislature following the Annunciation School shooting. Numerous organizations have information and volunteer opportunities on both sides. Organizations wanting to ban military weapons are listed in the Resource Section including Protect Minnesota/Preventing Gun Violence Together, Everytown for Gun Safety, Minnesota Gun Owners Caucus, Moms Demand Action and the Giffords Law Center. Likewise, numerous organizations such as the NRA, Gun Owners of America, Second Amendment Foundation, Firearms Policy Coalition and others are against banning military weapons. Are there simpler solutions? Are we pursuing the wrong strategy? Do you agree that no one, other than the shooter, wants to see more school shootings or gun violence? Can't we solve this issue by putting people over politics and people over profit? (continued on next slide)

**Recommendation # 12: Ban Military Weapons (continued):** If Minnesota would agree to limiting military weapons to those >25 years old, ban frangible bullets, and approve the other recommendations, most of the military weapon risks would disappear. While horrifying, mass shootings only make up 1% of total gun violence. Handguns are purported to account for 90% of American gun violence. The NRA membership is dropping. Hunting with military weapons is not a Minnesota tradition. It is extremely new and the number of hunters that want a military weapon are minimal. In brief, is the debate over military weapons worth all the emotion and political capital? Can't we make this more of a win win and save our children at the same time?

**Survey Results Thus Far:**

Strongly Agree	Agree	Neutral	Disagree	Strongly Disagree
80%	20%	0%	0%	0%

**Implementation Suggestions:** Ask the Minnesota Supreme Court to issue a guidance on how banning military weapons would or would not violate the Second Amendment.

**Constraint Notes:**

**Second Amendment:**  
Major discussion point.

- **Honor Hunting Traditions :** Yes. Traditional hunters and WW II soldiers used bolt action rifles.

**Financial Impact:**  
Positive if accepted or negative if rejected.

- **Political Win Win:**  
Everybody cannot win every position.

# Grand Pa David

- Given the challenge of trying to get consensus where there has been very little about gun control, I am including some biographical information on myself. Hopefully, my mixture of political, hunting, negotiating, urban/rural experience, and general resume type of information will increase your confidence in why I believe we can successfully meet this challenge.
- Today, I am a husband, father, stepfather and 79-year-old grandfather to 10. Long before I reached this stage of life, I was a defiant youth at age 13. I had a gang, carried a stiletto knife in my pocket, thought I was tough and had a couple of run ins with the police. After my Democratic father died at age 14, my grandfather Robert Carlisle and high school coach, Charles Spewack, took it upon themselves to try and turn me into a responsible man. I was the oldest child in the family and needed an epiphany.
- In later years, my stepfather and mother were strong Republicans. Like my background, I vote on both sides of the aisle. My stepfather's favorite picture, proudly displayed in the living room, was one of him and Richard Nixon. My birth father was a captain in World War Two. My uncles served in the Navy and were with the Army during the Battle of The Bulge, Okinawa, and Korea. They fought those wars and won carrying M1 bolt action rifles. I hunt with a shot gun and a bolt action rifle. I support the second amendment. To maintain my "both sides of the aisle approach", I recently became an NRA member. For many years, my children's primary source of protein was deer meat.
- I joined the US Marine Corps Reserves during college between 1965 and 1968. I graduated from their platoon leaders' program at Quantico, Virginia in 1967. In addition, I served my country for 2 ½ years in Botswana, Africa with the Peace Corps. I totally support any Vet who has fought in any war, including Vietnam. I have lived in urban New Jersey, rural Pennsylvania, rural Wisconsin, rural Botswana, Africa, and urban Minnesota. In addition, I have hunted in New Jersey, outside Siren, Wisconsin, outside Brainerd, Minnesota, and on land my children own near Silver Bay, Minnesota.
- I have learned several things over these years. The important ones don't usually pop up on a resume. In Africa, the first important thing I learned was an appreciation for their greeting of "dumela". It literally translates to "Let Us Agree". The second important thing I learned was to thread the needle with conflicting political people. The Board of Directors for the Kanye Youth Training Center, now Ravos Technical College, included two ex-Officio members that worked together for the benefit of the school but fought politically. Chief Bathoen (Presidential Candidate from the Botswana National Front) and Vice-President Quett Masire (Botswana Democratic Party C later longest serving President of Botswana) were ex-officio members of my Board of Directors. They supplied the land at Ramatea, called the tribe out for a barn raising type of school building and continuous political support for me. It was easier than getting Trump and Biden to work together. The school that had included six areas of study/work, when I left, has grown and is still growing to help the youth of the Bangwaketse tribe. At Honeywell, as Manager of Financial Systems across Canada and The United States, I learned change management. Basically, most of us react to change with anxiety and suspicion. Successful change requires threading the needle in the middle, good timing, and honest communication.

# Grand Pa David

- Undergraduate degrees and equivalents in Economics, Accounting and Management, St Peters University and University of Wisconsin.
- Undergraduate Minors in Theology and Philosophy, St Peters University.
- Master's in Business Administration, University of Wisconsin.
- Master's in Computer Science, St Thomas University.
- Honeywell Certified in Six Sigma Problem Solving (Retired)
- Certified Management Accountant (Retired).
- Ignatian Associate (Retired).
- Author: Journal to Gratitude" ISBN 978-1456507367
- My contact information and communication warrants explanation. Thus far, I am doing this on my own nickel and time. Going forward, I may need your help. I will be having some back surgery in the next couple of months. Given that my family is my primary passion, this proposal is secondary. I am, however, doing everything I can to make this research and survey available to you ASAP. By Christmas, I will have spent over 750 hours on Stop School Shootings USAi. Until additional resources are available, please be patient as we go forward.
- Signed Grand Pa David
- I sign the survey material as Grand Pa David for two reasons. First, almost everyone helping with this pilot effort is a grandparent. Like the elders who helped me when I was young, our children need our collective grandparenting wisdom, leadership and involvement. Second., this is about our children, not me personally. Hence, I am just using my first name. I would love to add your Grand Pa and Grand Ma names to post pilot communications.